



# Issues for Gyrokinetic Edge Turbulence

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*Sep 2003*

# Criteria for Edge Turbulence

- adiabatic response is present
  - required for correct representation of drift wave dynamics
  - automatic in a gyrokinetic model
  - note edge turbulence is not an MHD process; often does not follow strongest linear instability
- drift scale  $\rho_s$  is resolved
  - required to recover the drift wave nonlinear instability
  - issue of computation, independent of model
  - artificial diffusion coefficient no larger than 0.03 in gyro Bohm units
  - note that artificial diffusion will be required to recover a saturated state:
    - a result of nonadiabatic density nonlinearity
    - collisional dissipation not enough by itself unless  $\rho_e$  is resolved (not feasible present day)
- geodesic curvature mechanism is present
  - required for correct representation of zonal flow statistical equilibration
  - almost automatic in a fluid or gyrofluid model: curvature acts on zonal potential
  - very subtle in a gyrokinetic model:
    - ExB velocity advecting background  $F$  must not be divergence free
    - nonlinear trapping involving potential and curv drift required for phase space conservation
- note at present most models break energy conservation in basic formulation
  - conservation in geodesic transfer and other mechanisms
  - very central to physics of zonal flow/turbulence interaction

# What Gyrokinetic Equation Must Keep

- all species nonadiabatic
- parallel magnetic potential
- toroidal divergence of advecting ExB velocity
- phase space conservation
- energy conservation
  - fields plus particles, not just particles
  - i.e., not enough simply to have equation for  $f$  in divergence form
- energy conserving collisions
  - note simple formulations may not conserve energy
- recall resolution is a matter of ...
  - grid spacing, for continuum models
  - particle density, for discrete particle/cell models
- recall nonlinear cascade and hence dissipation goes through  $f$ , not fields
  - reason for requiring some form of high- $k_{\perp}$  entropy removal directly in  $f$